## IN THE CLAIMS

In accordance with the revised format for claim amendments, all claims are shown below. Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (original) A composition comprising a substantially purified thermostable GuxA peptide, said GuxA peptide comprising a first catalytic domain GH6, a second catalytic domain GH 12, a carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type III, and a carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type II.
- 2. (original) The composition of claim 1 wherein the Gux A peptide is further defined as comprising a linker and a signal peptide.
- 3. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GH6 catalytic domain of the GuxA peptide is further defined as having a length of about 420 to about 425 amino acids.
- 4. (original) The composition of claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein the GH12 catalytic domain of the GuxA peptide is further defined as having a length of about 225 to about 235 amino acids.
- 5. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1, 2, or 3 wherein the carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type III of the GuxA peptide is further defined as having a length of about 145 to about 155 amino acids.
- 6. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1, 2, or 3 wherein the carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type II of the GuxA peptide is further defined as having a length of about 95 amino acids to about 105 amino acids in length.

- 7. (original) The composition of claim 3 wherein the GH6 catalytic domain is further defined as the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4.
- 8. (original) The composition of claim 4 wherein the GH12 catalytic domain is further defined as the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 7.
- 9. (original) The composition of claim 5 wherein the carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type III is further defined as the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5.
- 10. (currently amended) The composition of claim 6 wherein the carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type II II is further defined as the sequence of SEQ ID NO:8.
- 11. (original) The composition of claim 1 further defined as comprising a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4, SEQ ID NO: 7, SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 8.
- 12. (original) A thermal tolerant GuxA peptide having a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 13. (previously amended) The GuxA peptide of claim 12 further defined as having a sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 14. (original) An industrial mixture suitable for degrading cellulose, such mixture comprising the GuxA polypeptide of claim 1.
- 15. (original) The industrial mixture of claim 14 further defined as comprising a detergent.
- 16. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GuxA peptide is further defined as comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 4.

- 17. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GuxA peptide is further defined as comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 7.
- 18. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GuxA peptide is further defined as comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 5.
- 19. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GuxA peptide is further defined as comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 8.
- 20. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GuxA peptide is further defined as comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 21. (currently amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GuxA peptide is further defined as comprising an amino nucleic acid sequence encoded by a nucleic acid sequence having at least 90% identity to an amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 22. (previously amended) The composition of claim 1 wherein the GuxA peptide is further defined as comprising a heterologous combination of the first catalytic domain GH6, the second catalytic domain GH 12, the carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type III, and the carbohydrate binding domain (CBD) type II.
- 23. (previously amended) The composition of claim 22 wherein the heterologous combination further comprises a peptide tag.

24. (previously amended) The composition of claim 23 wherein the peptide tag is 6-His, thioredoxin, hemagl-utinin, GST, or OmpA signal sequence tag.

## 24-26. (previously cancelled)

- 27. (currently amended) An isolated polypeptide molecule comprising:
- a) a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4;
- b) a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 7;
- c) a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5;
- d) a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8;
- e) a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1; or
- f) an amino acid sequence having at least 700% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of a), b), c), d), or e) and having a functionality of at least one of glycosyl hydrolase family 6 and glycosyl hydrolase family 12.
- 28. (original) The polypeptide molecule of claim 27, having at least 90% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of a), b), c), d), or e).
- 29. (original) A fusion protein comprising the polypeptide of claim 14 and a heterologous peptide.
- 30. (original) The fusion protein of claim 29, wherein the heterologous peptide is a substrate targeting moiety.
- 31. (original) The fusion protein of claim 29, wherein the heterologous peptide is a peptide tag.

- 32. (original) The fusion protein of claim 31, wherein the peptide tag is 6- His, thioredoxin, hemaglutinin, GST, or OmpA signal sequence tag.
- 33. (original) The fusion protein of claim 29, wherein the heterologous peptide is an agent that promotes polypeptide oligomerization.
- 34. (original) The fusion protein of claim 29, wherein the agent is a leucine zipper.
- 35. (original) A cellulase-substrate complex comprising the isolated polypeptide molecule of claim 27 bound to cellulose.
- 36-42. (previously cancelled)
- 43. (original) A composition comprising the polypeptide molecule of claim 27 and a carrier.
- 44. (original) A composition comprising the polypeptide molecule of claim 28 and a carrier.
- 45-47. (previously cancelled)
- 48. (previously amended) A method for producing GuxA polypeptide, the method comprising: incubating a host cell genetically engineered to express the polypeptide molecule of claim 27.
- 49. (currently amended) The method of claim 49 <u>489</u>, further comprising the step of: isolating the polypeptide molecule from the incubated host cells.

- 50. (original) The method of claim 49, wherein the host cell is a plant cell.
- 51. (original) The method of claim 49, wherein the host cell is a bacterial cell.
- 52. (original) The method of claim 49, wherein the host cell is genetically engineered to express a selectable marker.
- 53. (original) The method of claim 49, wherein the host cell further comprises a polynucleotide molecule encoding one or more polypeptide molecules selected from the glycoside hydrolase family of proteins.
- 54. (previously amended) The method of claim 53, wherein the glycoside hydrolase is a thermostable glycoside hydrolase.
- 55-57. (previously cancelled)
- 58. (previously amended) A method for assessing the carbohydrate hydrolysis activity of GuxA comprising: analyzing a carbohydrate hydrolysis in the presence of GuxA and a carbohydrate

hydrolysis in the absence of GuxA on a substrate; and comparing the carbohydrate hydrolysis in the presence of GuxA with the carbohydrate hydrolysis in the absence of GuxA.

59. (currently amended) A method for assessing the carbohydrate hydrolysis activity of GuxA in the presence of an agent of interest comprising: analyzing a carbohydrate hydrolysis in the presence of GuxA and a carbohydrate hydrolysis in the presence of GuxA and the agent of interest on a substrate exposed exposed; and

comparing the carbohydrate hydrolysis in the GuxA treated substrate with the carbohydrate hydrolysis in the GuxA treated substrate in the presence of the agent of interest.

- 60. (previously amended) The method of claim 59, wherein an increase in carbohydrate hydrolysis activity in the presence of the agent of interest demonstrates stimulation of GuxA activity and wherein a decrease in carbohydrate hydrolysis activity demonstrates inhibition of GuxA activity.
- 61. (original) The method of claim 58, wherein the carbohydrate is cellulose.
- 62. (currently amended) The method of claim 58 598 wherein the agent of interest is an antibody.
- 63. (previously amended) A method for hydrolyzing cellulose in a starting material, the method comprising: administering to the starting material an effective amount of a polypeptide molecule of claim 27.
- 64. (currently amended) The method of claim 62 632, further comprising administering a second polypeptide molecule selected from the glycoside hydrolase family of proteins.
- 65. (original) The method of claim 63, wherein the polypeptide molecule of claim 27 is thermostable.
- 66. (original) The method of claim 63, wherein the starting material is agricultural biomass.

- 67. (original) The method of claim 63, wherein the starting material is municipal solid waste.
- 68. (currently amended) The composition of claim 22 wherein the heterologous combination further comprises a comprises a substrate targeting moiety.